

DIRECTIVE CONCERNING HAVA-MATCHING DRIVERS' LICENSES OR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS FOR VOTER REGISTRATION APPLICATIONS

Pursuant to Section 1803(a) of Act 3 of 2002, 25 Pa.C.S. § 1803(a), the following Directive is issued by the Department of State to clarify and specify legal processes relating to HAVA-matching of drivers' license numbers (or PennDOT ID card numbers) and Social Security numbers when voters submit new voter registration applications or an application to reactivate a cancelled record.

This Directive underscores that Pennsylvania and federal law are clear that voter registrations may *not* be rejected based solely on a non-match between the applicant's identifying numbers on their application and the comparison database numbers.

As stated in the Department of State's August 9, 2006 *Alert Re: Driver's License and Social Security Data Comparison Processes Required by The Help America Vote Act (HAVA)*, HAVA requires only the following:

- (1) that all applications for new voter registration include a current and valid PA driver's license number, the last four digits of the applicant's social security number, or a statement indicating that the applicant has neither a valid and current PA driver's license or social security number; and
- (2) that voter registration commissions compare the information provided by an applicant with the Department of Transportation's driver's license database or the database of the Social Security Administration.

HAVA's data comparison process "was intended as an administrative safeguard for 'storing and managing the official list of registered voters,' and not as a restriction on voter eligibility." *Washington Ass'n of Churches v. Reed*, 492 F.Supp.2d 1264, 1268 (W.D. Wash. 2006).

Counties must ensure their procedures comply with state and federal law, which means that if there are no independent grounds to reject a voter registration application other than a non-match, the application may *not* be rejected and must be processed like all other applications.

It is important to remember that any application placed in 'Pending' status while a county is doing follow-up with an applicant whose driver's license or last four of SSN could not be matched **MUST** be accepted, unless the county has identified another reason to decline the application. Leaving an application in Pending status due to a non-match is effectively the same as declining the application while denying the applicant access to the statutory administrative appeals process, and as described above is **not** permitted under state and federal law.